

March 2024

Developing next-generation immunotherapies that address cancer immune resistance

KA (Nasdaq)

Disclaimers and other information

Cautionary Statements Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

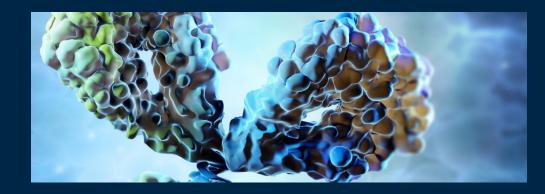
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Kineta is developing next-generation immunotherapies that address cancer immune resistance

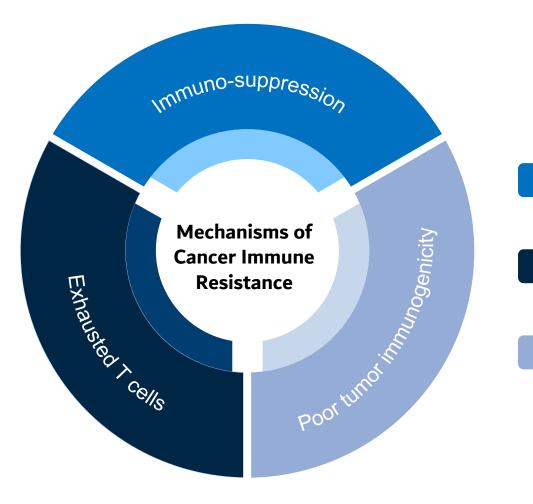
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Immunity Focused Pipeline Anticipated KVA12123	 Ongoing Phase 1/2 clinical study evaluating KVA12123 alone and in combination with pembrolizumab in advanced solid tumors Cleared first 5 monotherapy cohorts & first two combination cohorts, no dose limiting toxicities, >90% VISTA receptor occupancy Biomarkers demonstrate efficacy-related cytokine secretion and significant changes in anti-tumor immune cell subpopulations Long-term stable disease observed in monotherapy and partial responses in combination therapy 2Q24: Additional monotherapy safety and efficacy data
Catalysts	2Q24: Initial combination therapy data
Partnerships	~\$1.3 billion in potential milestone payments plus royalties on net sales

Currently exploring strategic alternatives

Immune resistance is a major challenge with current cancer therapy



Blockade and down-regulation of immune response

T cells lose cancer fighting function

Tumor cells are invisible to immune system

Next-generation cancer treatments require:

Improving survival for checkpoint inhibitor (CPI) non-responders (70-80%)*

Reprogramming the immune system to attack cancer

Integrating **innate and adaptive immune** responses



Kineta pipeline integrates innate and adaptive immunity to address mechanisms of cancer resistance

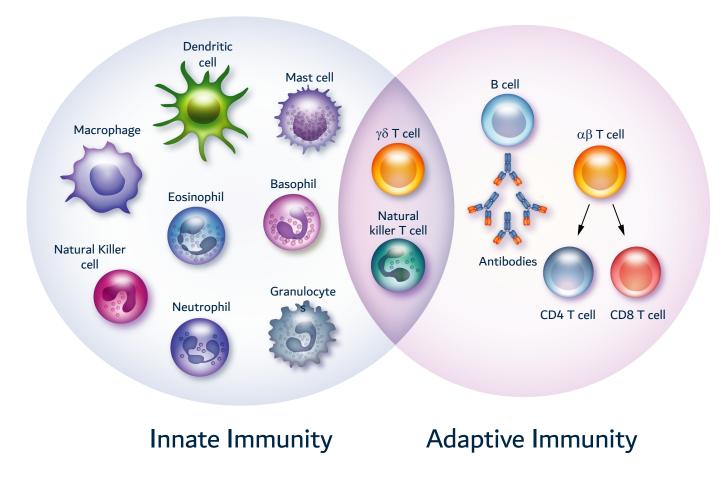
Innate immunity

Involved in early response to cancer Necessary driver for appropriate adaptive immunity

Significant cause of cancer resistance

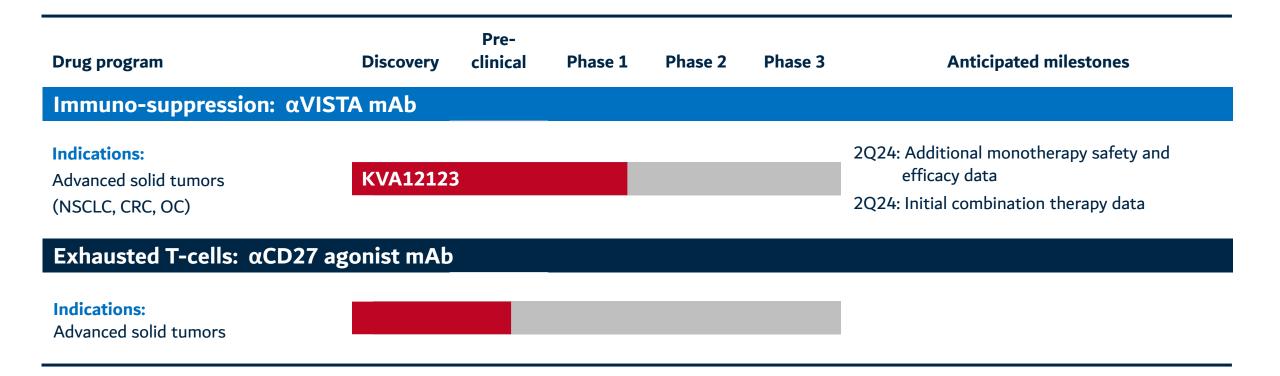
Adaptive immunity

Most competitor drug development is focused **only** on T cell adaptive immunity





Kineta's immuno-oncology pipeline aims to address the mechanisms of cancer immune resistance

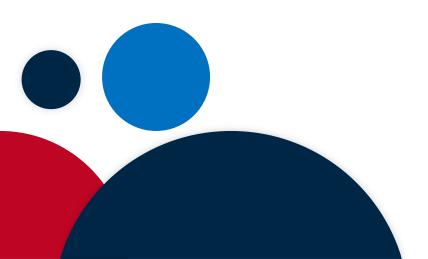






KVA12123

Potentially differentiated VISTA blocking immunotherapy

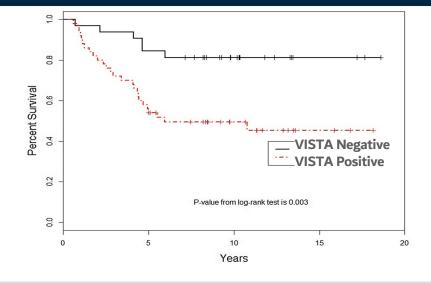




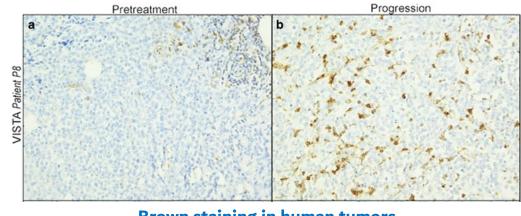
VISTA is a key driver of immunosuppression in the tumor microenvironment

- Immunosuppressive protein expressed on myeloid cells
- Highly expressed in **cold tumors** including lung, colon and ovarian cancers
- Correlates with **poor outcomes** in cancer patients
- Up-regulated after CPI therapy and **associated with treatment failure**

Melanoma patient survival by VISTA expression in tumor-infiltrating immune cells ¹



VISTA expression increases in melanoma patient during pembrolizumab relapse/progression ²



Brown staining in human tumors indicates VISTA expression



KVA12123: Potentially differentiated VISTA blocking immunotherapy

Product	Development stage	lsotype	pH Binding	Single Agent Tumor Model Efficacy	CRS Cytokine Release
Kineta KVA12123	Phase 1	Engineered IgG1 mAb that binds to a unique epitope	Binds at both physiologic and acidic pH	Strong single agent tumor growth inhibition	No CRS-associated cytokine release or neurotoxicity
Hummingbird HMBD002	Phase 1	lgG4	Physiologic & acidic	Moderate	IL-6
Sensei SNS-101	Phase 1	lgG1	Acidic	Weak	ΤΝΓα
Pierre Fabre WO180	Phase 1	lgG1	Physiologic & acidic		IL-6
Curis* CI-8993	Phase 1	lgG1	Physiologic	Moderate	TNFα, IFNγ, IL2, IL-1β
Pharmabcine PMC309	Phase 1	lgG1	Physiologic & acidic	Moderate	IFNγ

Other discovery stage programs: Apexigen, Five Prime Therapeutics/BMS Empty cells indicate no public data available

*Curis de-prioritized to focus on company's lead asset



Blocking VISTA can reverse immunosuppression in the TME

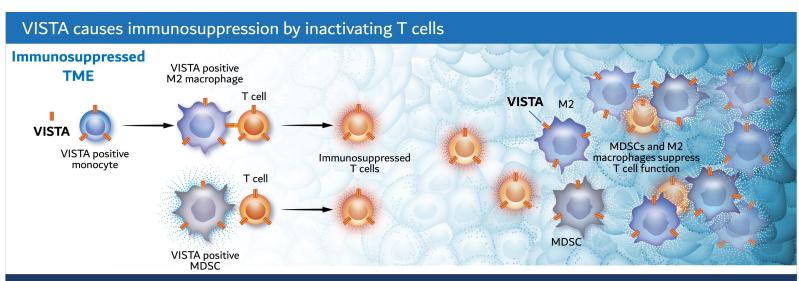
Enhances **NK cell** activation

Enhances **monocyte** activation and proinflammatory **cytokine** induction

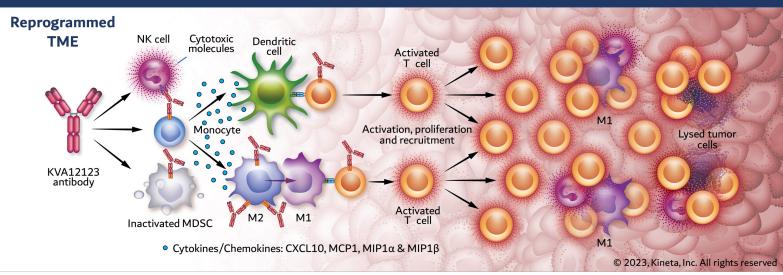
Inhibits **MDSC** (myeloid-derived suppressor cells)

Promotes **T**_{eff} function

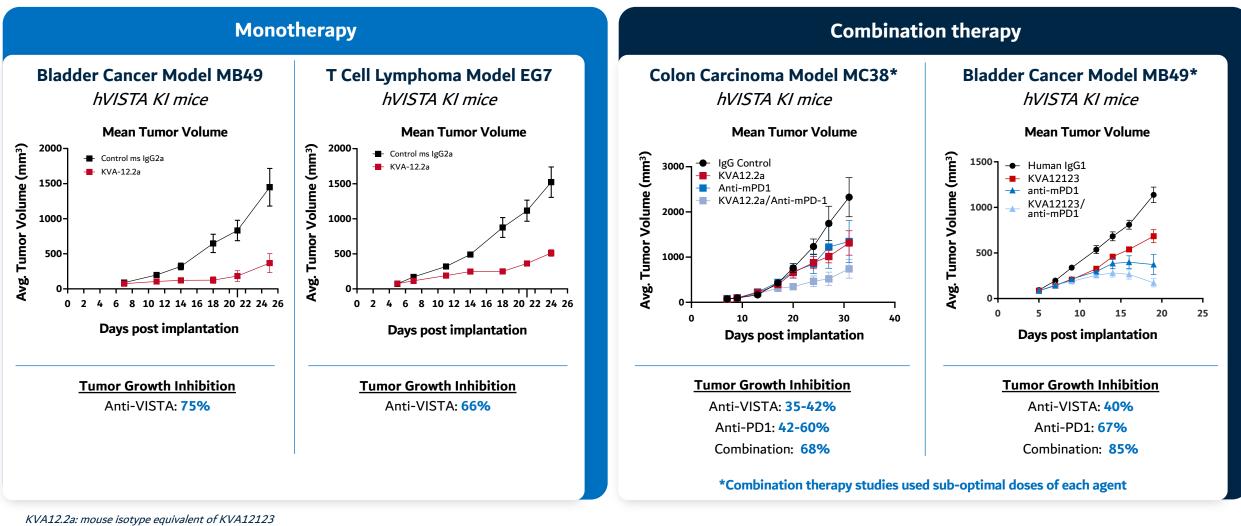




KVA12123 targets VISTA with the potential to promote T cell and NK cell anti-tumor function

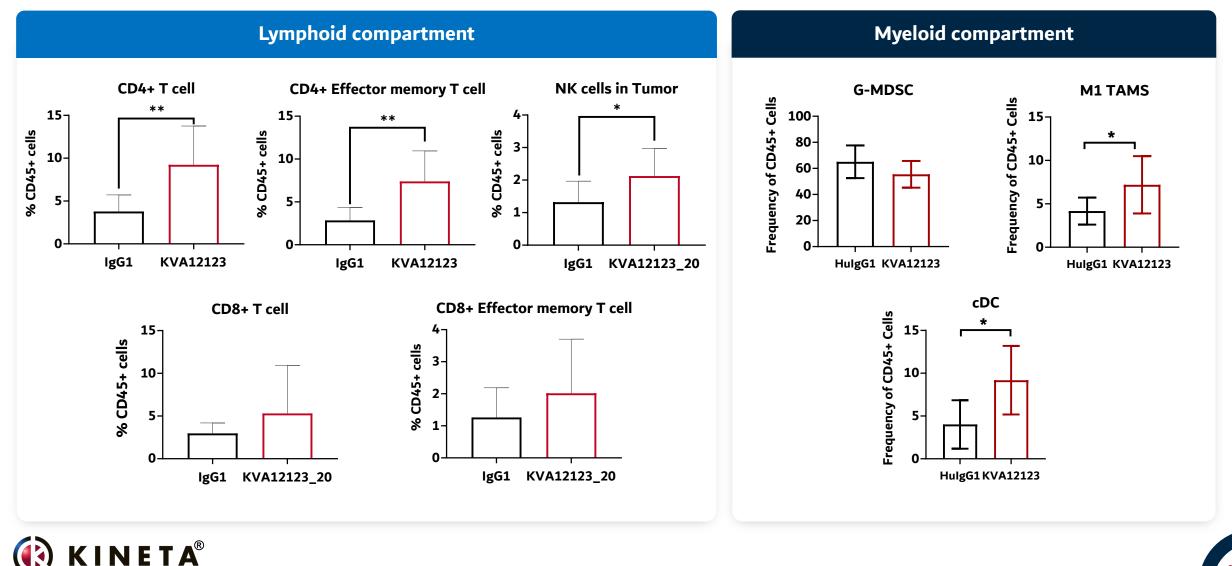


KVA12123 demonstrates single agent tumor growth inhibition and in combination with PD-1 in preclinical models

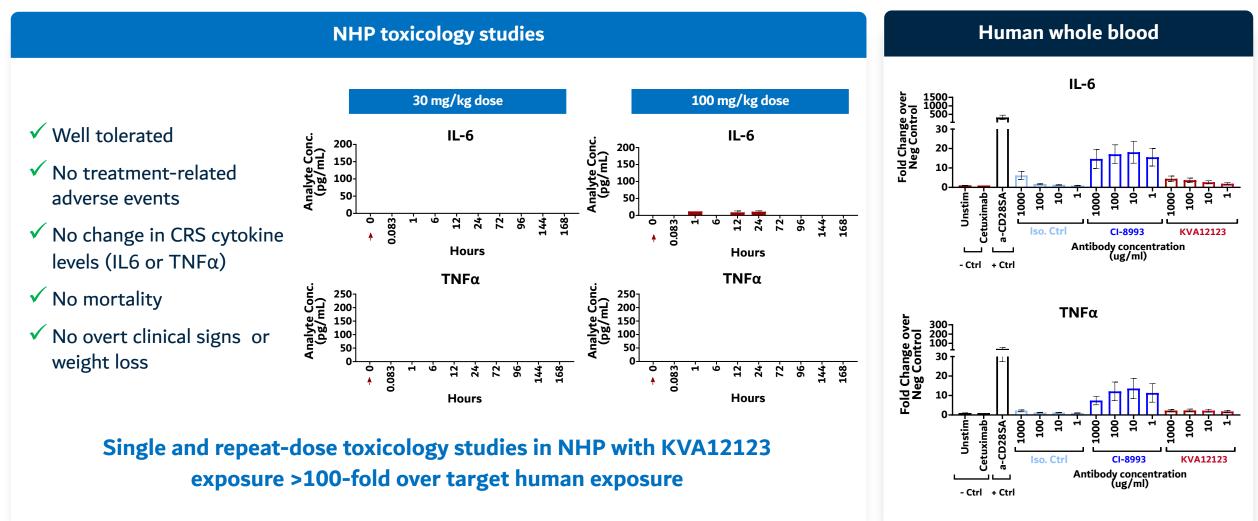




KVA12123 drives an integrated innate and adaptive anti-tumor immune response in MB49 preclinical model (ex vivo)

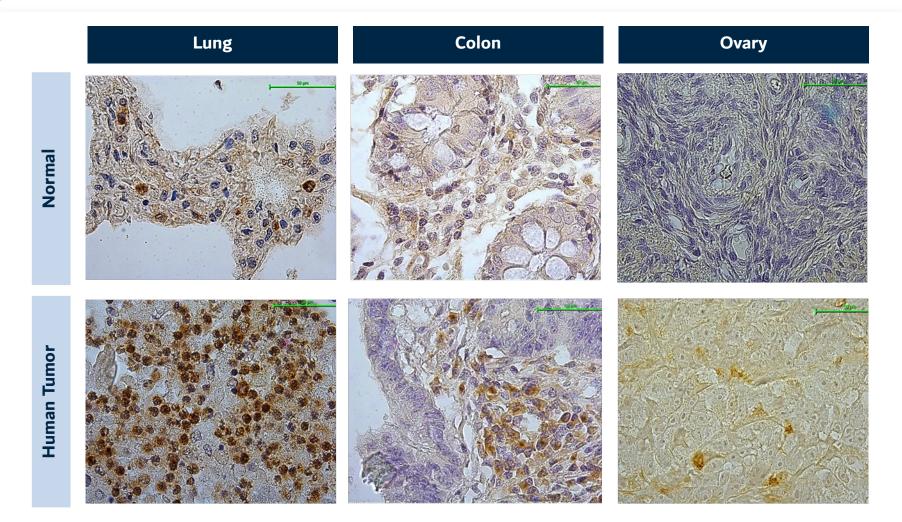


KVA12123 was well tolerated with no CRS-associated signal in preclinical models





Clinical applications for KVA12123 are primarily focused on solid tumors with high levels of VISTA expression





Brown staining in human tumors indicates VISTA expression

VISTA-101: Phase 1/2 open-label clinical trial of KVA12123 alone and in combination with pembrolizumab in patients with advanced solid tumors

Patient population:

- Phase 1 basket trial in patients with advanced solid tumors (up to 60 patients)
- Phase 2 in NSCLC, HNSCC, OC, CRC, RCC and TBD other patients

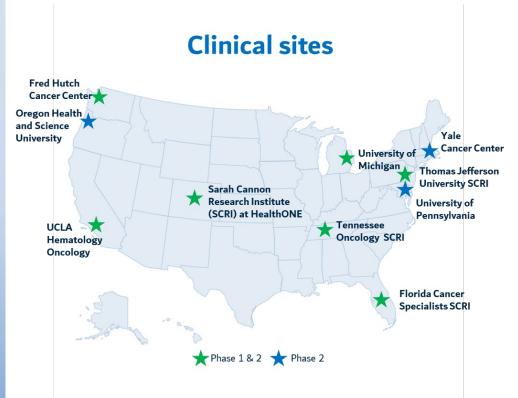
Study objectives:

- Primary: Safety and tolerability, recommended Phase 2 dose (RP2D) or maximum tolerated dose (MTD) of KVA12123
- Secondary: Pharmacokinetics, immunogenicity, tumor response in subjects with advanced solid tumors per iRECIST (ORR)
- Exploratory: Biomarker and receptor occupancy

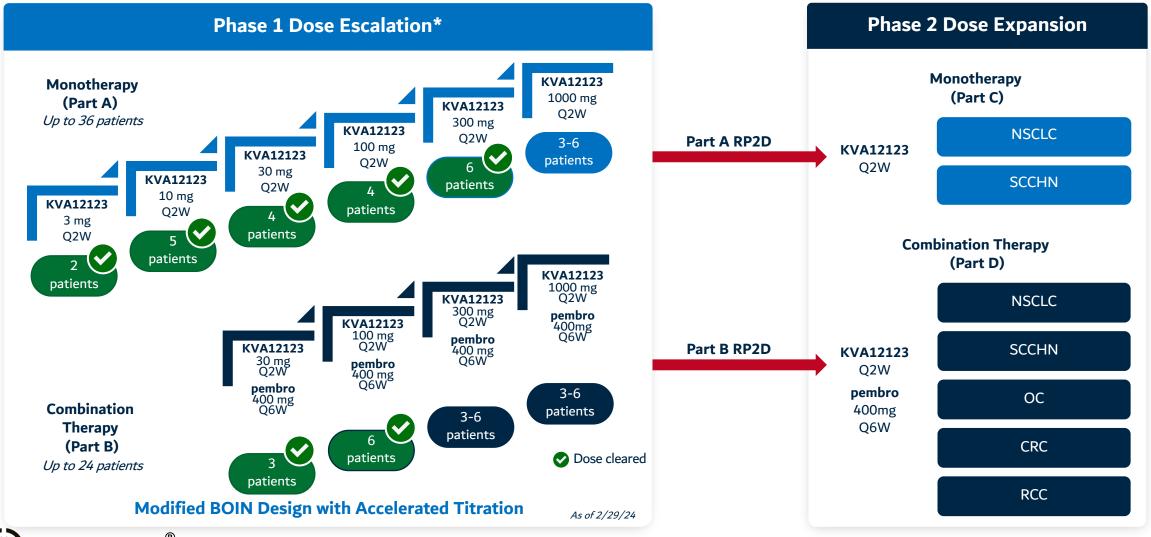
Merck research collaboration

• Clinical trial collaboration and KEYTRUDA® supply agreement





VISTA-101: Cleared five monotherapy cohorts and first two cohorts in combination with pembrolizumab





VISTA-101: Baseline patient characteristics

			PART A		PAI				
Characteristic Statistic	3mg IV Q2W (N=2)	10mg IV Q2W (N=5)	30mg IV Q2W (N=4)	100mg IV Q2W (N=4)	300mg IV Q2W (N=4)	30mg IV Q2W + Pemb. (N=3)	100mg IV Q2W + Pemb. (N=5)	Total	
Gender (n %)									
Female	1 (50)	4 (80)	2 (50)	1 (25)	2 (50)	1 (33)	2 (40)	13 (48)	
Male	1 (50)	1 (20)	2 (50)	3 (75)	2 (50)	2 (67)	3 (60)	14 (52)	
Race (n %)									
Black or African American	0 (0)	1 (20)	1 (25)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	2 (7)	
Other	0 (0)	2 (40)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	1 (20)	3 (11)	
White	2 (100)	2 (40)	3 (75)	4 (100)	4 (100)	3 (100)	4 (80)	22 (81)	
Age (Years)									
Mean	62.5	62.0	57.8	65.0	63.2	60.0	73.2	63.9	
Median	62.5	64.0	56.5	64.0	68.0	61.0	75.0	64.0	
Min, Max	62.0, 63.0	47.0, 72.0	53.0, 65.0	55.0, 77.0	47.0, 70.0	49.0, 70.0	57.0, 87.0	47.0, 87.0	
Baseline ECOG PS (n %)									
Grade 0	0 (0)	2 (40)	0 (0)	1 (25)	1 (25)	2 (67)	0 (0)	6 (22)	
Grade 1	2 (100)	3 (60)	4 (100)	3 (75)	3 (75)	1 (33)	5 (100)	21 (78)	

VISTA-101: Demographics

			PART A		PAR			
Characteristic Statistic	3mg IV Q2W (N=2)	10mg IV Q2W (N=5)	30mg IV Q2W (N=4)	100mg IV Q2W (N=4)	300mg IV Q2W (N=4)	30mg IV Q2W + Pemb. (N=3)	100mg IV Q2W + Pemb. (N=5)	Total
Cancer Type (n %)								
Bladder	1 (50)	1 (20)	1 (25)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	3 (11)
Breast	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	1 (25)	0 (0)	0 (0)	1 (4)
Colon	0 (0)	1 (20)	0 (0)	1 (25)	2 (50)	0 (0)	0 (0)	4 (15)
Endometrial	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	1 (25)	0 (0)	0 (0)	1 (4)
Lung	0 (0)	1 (20)	1 (25)	0 (0)	0 (0)	1 (33)	0 (0)	3 (11)
Other	1 (50)	0 (0)	0 (0)	3 (75)	0 (0)	1 (33)	5 (100)	10 (37)
Pancreatic	0 (0)	1 (20)	2 (50)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	3 (11)
Renal	0 (0)	1 (20)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	1 (33)	0 (0)	2 (7)
TNM Stage at Initial Dx (n %)								
I	0 (0)	1 (20)	0 (0)	0 (0)	1 (25)	0 (0)	0 (0)	2 (7)
II	0 (0)	1 (20)	1 (25)	0 (0)	0 (0)	1 (33)	1 (20)	4 (15)
Ш	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	2 (50)	1 (33)	0 (0)	3 (11)
IV	1 (50)	3 (60)	2 (50)	2 (50)	0 (0)	1 (33)	2 (40)	11 (41)
Missing	1 (50)	0 (0)	1 (25)	2 (50)	1 (25)	0 (0)	2 (40)	7 (26)



VISTA-101: KVA12123 was well tolerated in 3, 10, 30, 100 and 300mg monotherapy cohorts and in 30 and 300mg combotherapy cohorts

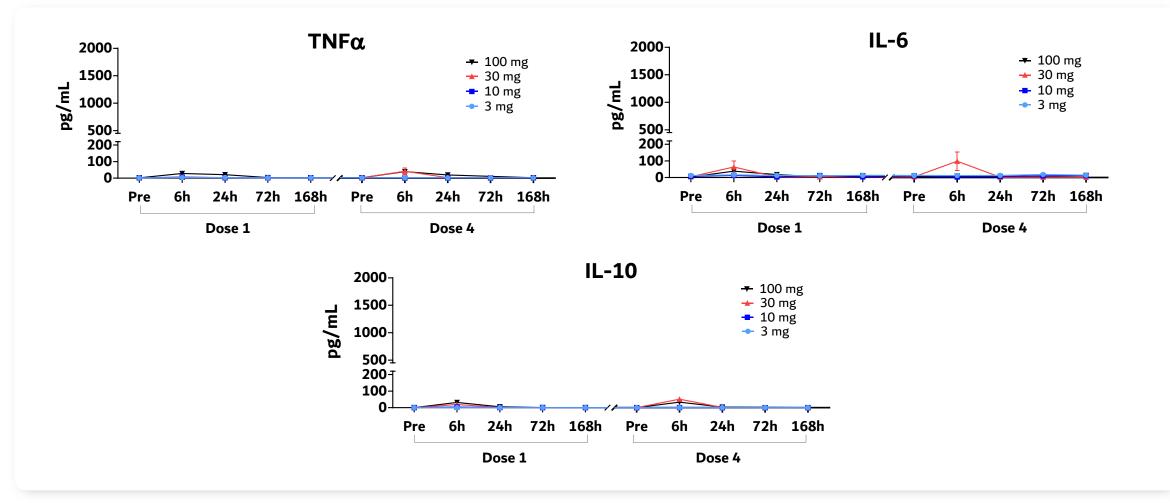
MedDRA Preferred Term	3mg N=2 (%)	10mg N=5 (%)	30mg N=4 (%)	100mg N=4 (%)	300mg N=4 (%)	30mg IV Q2W + Pemb. (N=3)	100mg IV Q2W + Pemb. (N=5)	All doses N=27 (%)
Total Subjects With Any Related TEAE	1 (50)	4 (80)	3 (75)	2 (50)	2 (50)	2 (67)	2 (40)	16 (59)
Chills	0 (0)	1 (20)	1 (25)	1 (25)	0 (0)	1 (33)	1 (20)	5 (19)
Infusion related reaction	0 (0)	2 (40)	2 (50)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	4 (15)
Fatigue	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	1 (25)	1 (33)	1 (20)	3 (11)
Blood bilirubin increased	0 (0)	0 (0)	1 (25)	0 (0)	0 (0)	1 (33)	0 (0)	2 (7)
Constipation	1 (50)	0 (0)	0 (0)	1 (25)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	2 (7)
Diarrhoea	0 (0)	1 (20)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	1 (20)	2 (7)
Myalgia	1 (50)	0 (0)	1 (25)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	2 (7)
Pyrexia	0 (0)	0 (0)	1 (25)	0 (0)	1 (25)	0 (0)	0 (0)	2 (7)

As of 02/27/24



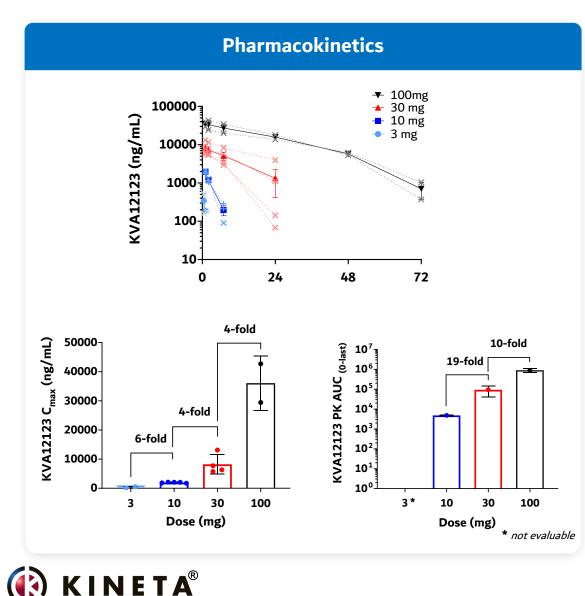
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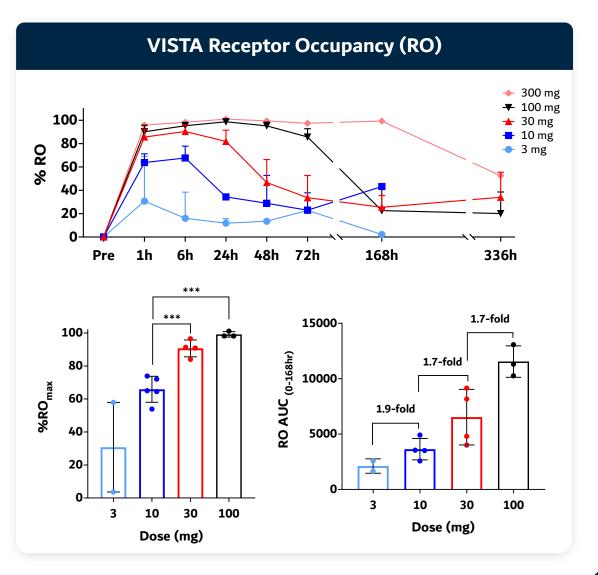
VISTA-101: No evidence of CRS-associated cytokine induction after KVA12123 administration





VISTA-101: KVA12123 exhibited a greater than dose-proportional PK profile and achieved >90% VISTA RO at doses ≥30 mg





VISTA-101: KVA12123 clinical profile summary

Safety

- Cleared 3, 10, 30, 100 and 300 mg KVA12123 monotherapy cohorts and 30mg and 100mg KVA12123/pembrolizumab combination cohorts
- Well tolerated and no dose limiting toxicities (DLT) were observed at any dose level
- No evidence of CRS-associated cytokines (IL-6, TNF α & IL-10) were detected

Pharmacokinetics and Receptor Occupancy (RO)

- KVA12123 administration achieved >90% VISTA RO at ≥30 mg doses
- Pharmacokinetic analyses demonstrated a greater than dose-proportional increase in drug exposure across all evaluated doses, consistent with target-mediated drug disposition at lower doses
- Estimated RP2D is approximately 600 mg

Biomarkers

- Demonstrated efficacy-related cytokine secretion of CXCL10, IFNγ, CCL2, CCL3, CCL4 and CXCL8
- Significant changes in anti-tumor immune cell subpopulations were observed after treatment



VISTA-101: clinical study summary

Monotherapy Arms (3 – 300 mg KVA12123, Q2W)

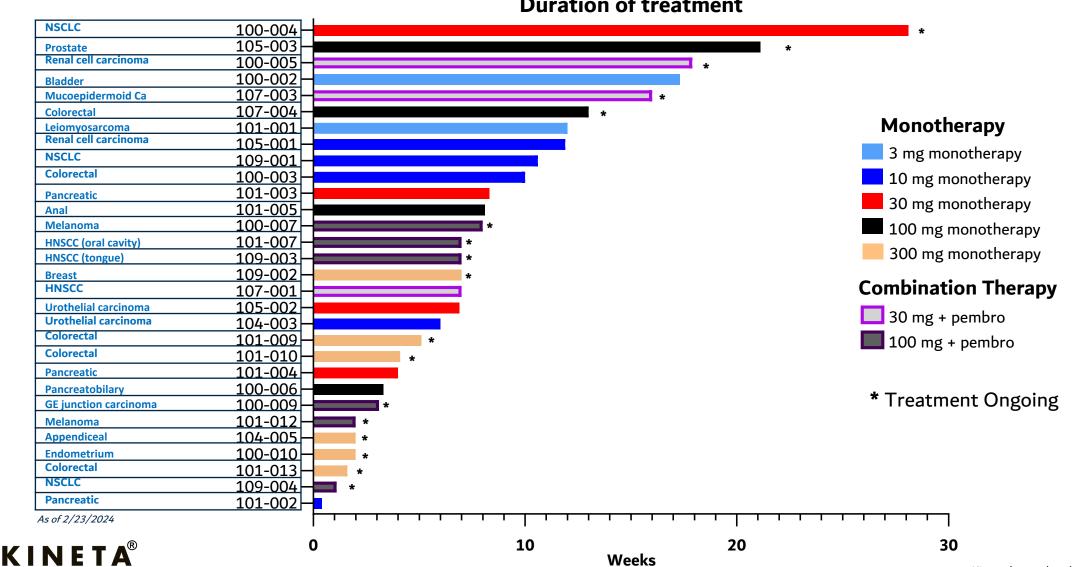
- 21 patients enrolled
- 12 patients received both baseline and at least one follow up scan
- 9 of 12 patients achieved stable disease as best overall response (75%)
- Mean duration of stable disease is 15 weeks (9 patients remain on therapy)
- Longest duration of SD is 28 weeks in ongoing CPI-failed NSCLC patient with 6 prior lines

Combination Arms (30 – 100 mg KVA12123 Q2W; 400 mg pembro Q6W)

- 9 patients enrolled
- 3 patients received both baseline and at least one follow up scan
- 1 of 3 evaluable patients achieved a **partial response** and 1 of 3 a stable disease as best overall response (67%)
 - RCC patient achieved BOR of **23.7% reduction** in target lesion
 - Mucoepidermoid carcinoma patient achieved BOR of **52.7%** in target lesions

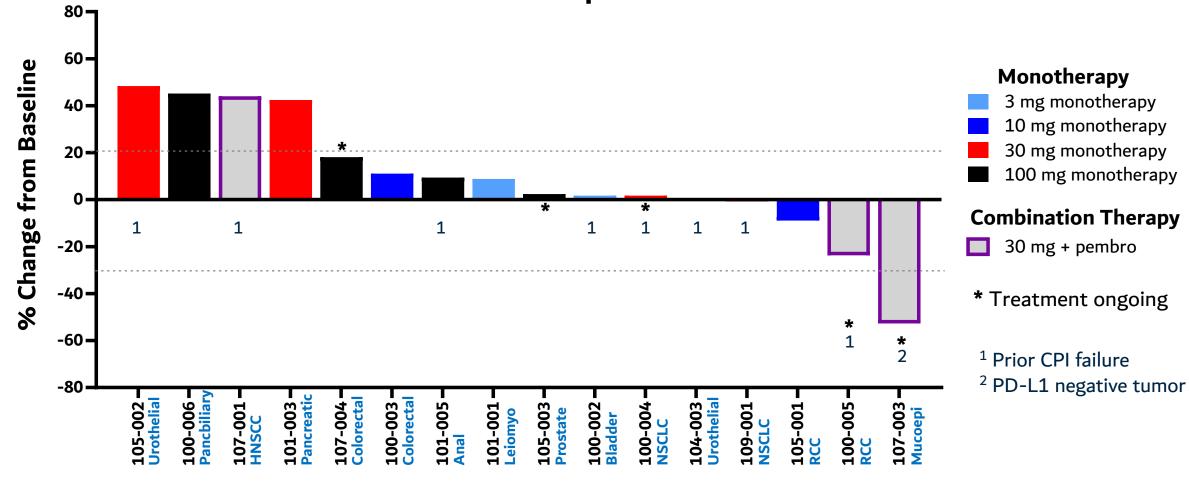


VISTA-101 phase 1: Duration of treatment

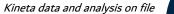


Duration of treatment

VISTA-101 phase 1: Best overall response (iRecist, patients with at least one follow up scan)



Best overall response



25

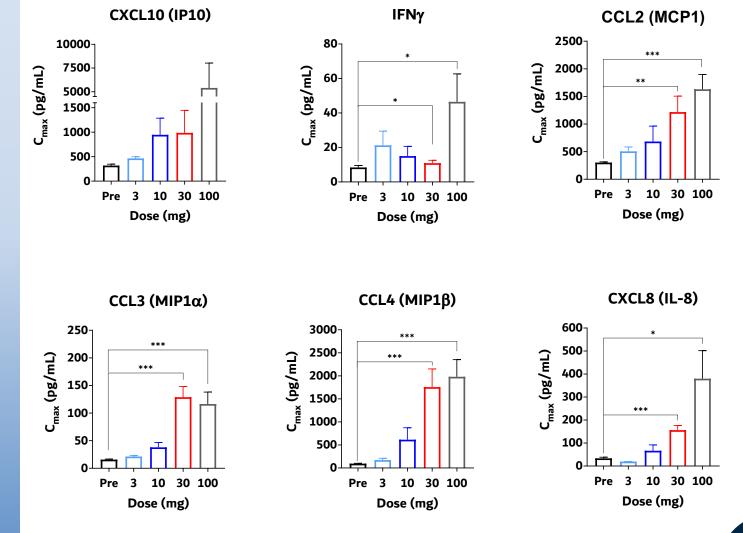
As of 3/05/2024

VISTA-101: KVA12123 demonstrated dose proportional induction of pro-inflammatory biomarkers required for strong anti-tumor activity

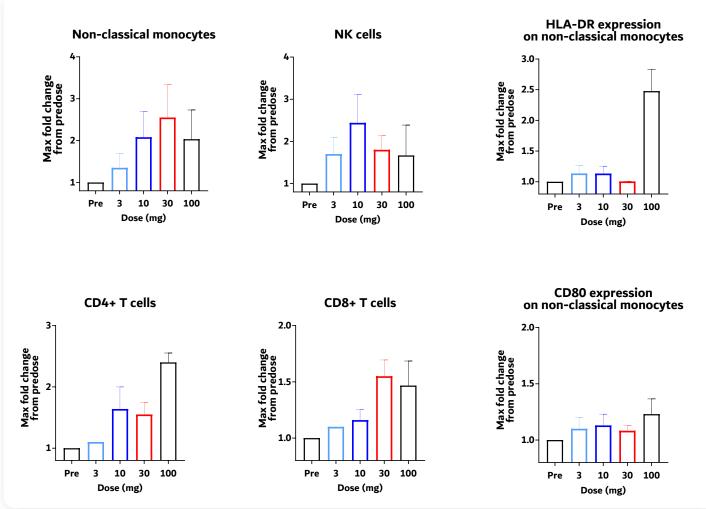
Induces pro-inflammatory myeloid derived cytokines/chemokines involved in immune cell activation and recruitment in the TME

Consistent with preclinical models (NHP and KO mice)

Biomarker validation of VISTA target engagement



VISTA-101: KVA12123 demonstrated VISTA on-target immune cell responses involved in anti-tumor activity



Increases anti-tumor Non-classical monocytes, NK cells, helper (CD4+) and cytotoxic (CD8+) T cells in the blood



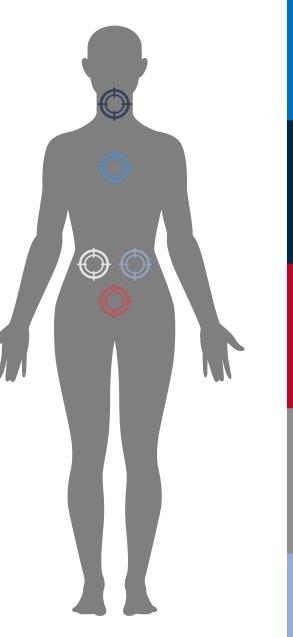
Large commercial market opportunity in potential solid tumor indications for KVA12123 in 2027

2.9M

annual newly diagnosed patients

2.0M

70% checkpoint inhibitor non-responders*





NSCLC 984K newly diagnosed patients



Head and neck

243K newly diagnosed patients

Ovarian 142K newly diagnosed patients



Colorectal<u>1.2M</u> newly diagnosed patients



Renal cell carcinoma

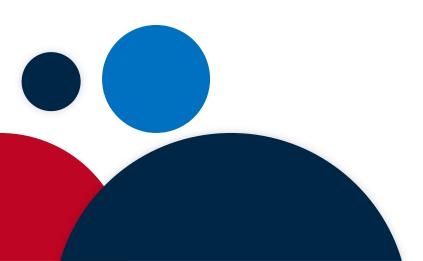
372K newly diagnosed patients

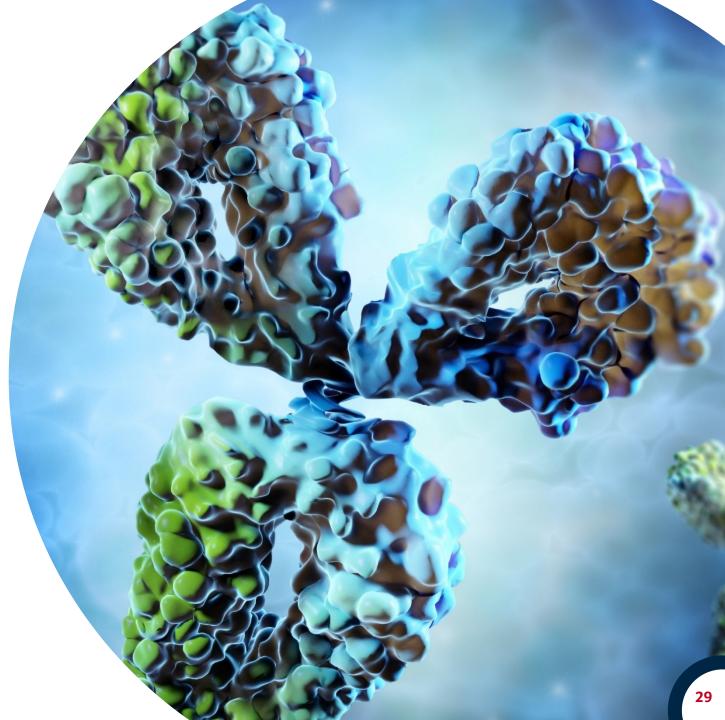


Source: Globaldata: Epidemiology Market Size Forecast - 2027 Incident cases diagnosed (N) 8MM: US, France, Germany, Italy, Spain, UK, Japan, and urban China *Based on publicly available information (70-80%)

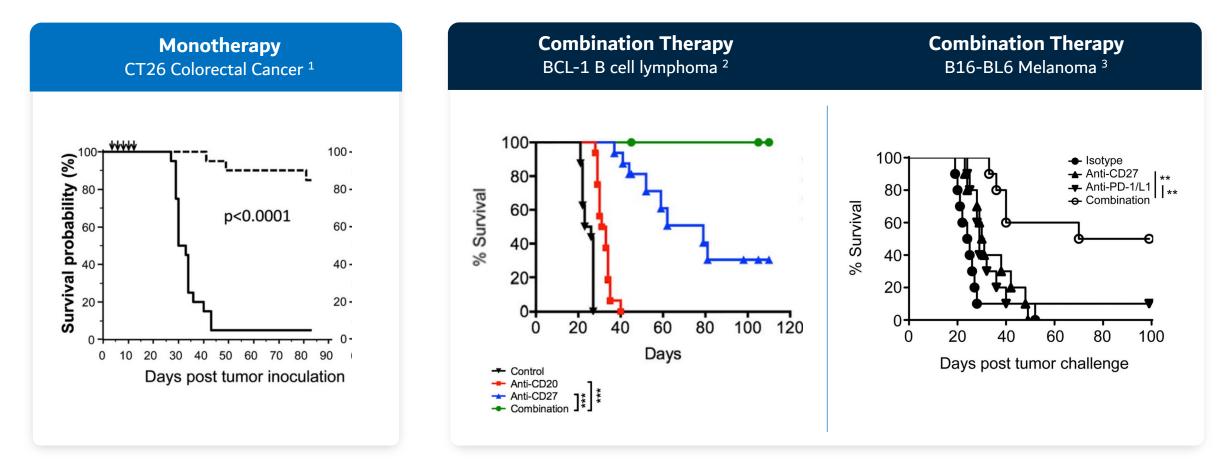


Anti-CD27 agonist mAb immunotherapy





Anti-CD27 agonist antibodies can drive tumor growth inhibition as a monotherapy and in combination with CPIs





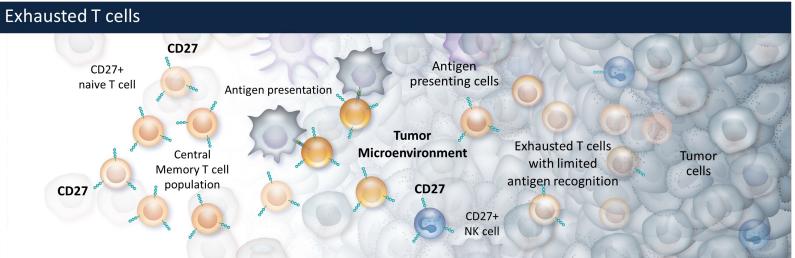
Anti-CD27 agonist to address exhausted T cell mechanism of cancer immune resistance

Activates and induces the maturation and migration of naïve **T cells**

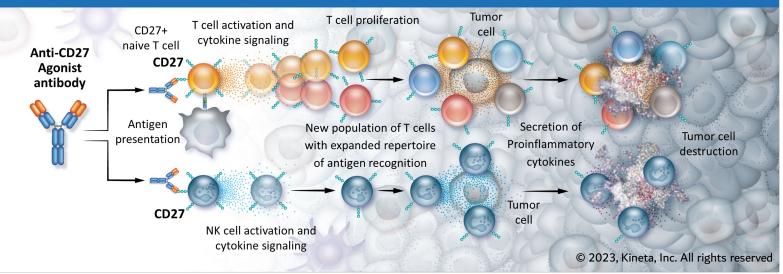
Drives the **diversification of the T cell** repertoire

Enhances **NK cell** activation

Activates low affinity antigens

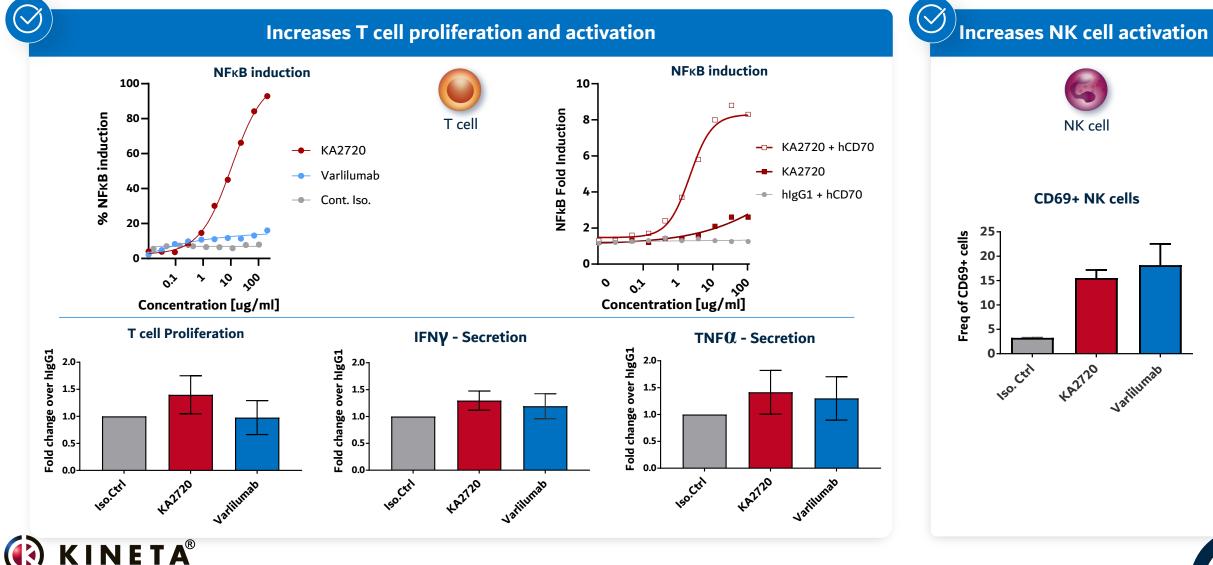


CD27 agonist has the potential to generate new populations of functional anti-tumor immune cells

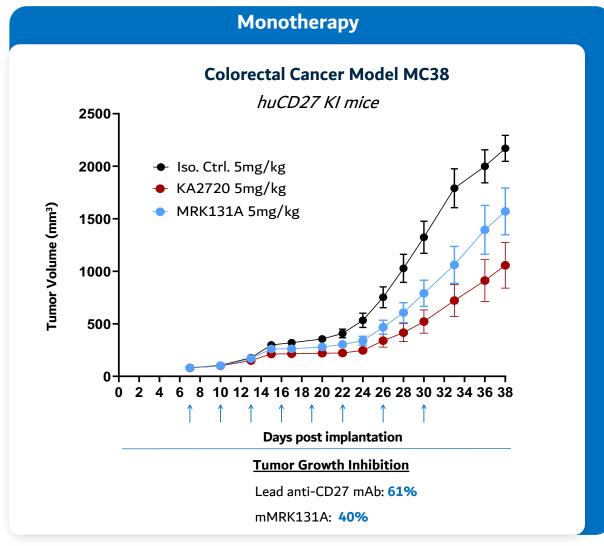




Lead anti-CD27 mAb demonstrates robust agonist activity on T and NK cells in *in vitro* studies



Lead anti-CD27 agonist mAb demonstrates single agent tumor growth inhibition (TGI) in preclinical models





~\$1.3 billion in potential milestone payments plus royalties on net sales

	License Agreements							
Program	Neuromuscular diseases-ALS	Undisclosed target	Cystic fibrosis					
Partner	MERCK	Genentech A Member of the Roche Group	FAIR Therapeutics					
Key deal terms	Received \$5M milestone payment in July 2023	Over \$100M in upfront payment and milestones	Up to \$965M in commercial only milestones					
	Up to \$255M in milestones	Tiered royalties on net sales	Royalties on net sales					
	Royalties on net sales		Revenue share on sub-license payments					



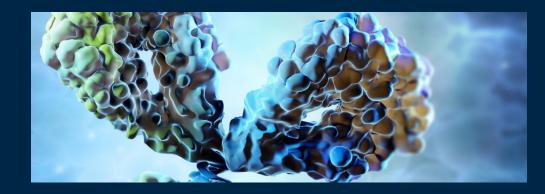
Currently Evaluating Strategic Alternatives

- Completed a review of our business and will be evaluating strategic alternatives for the Company and the assets to maximize shareholder value
 - Approved by the Board of Directors
- Based on the current financing environment, the Company implemented several immediate actions
 - Reduction in force of 64%
 - Cease enrollment of new patients into the ongoing Phase 1 clinical trial (VISTA-101)
 - Outreach to potential strategic and/or financial partners regarding the Company's assets
- Strategic options may include, but are not limited to, sale of assets of the Company, a sale of the Company, licensing of assets, a merger, liquidation, or other transactions



Kineta is developing next-generation immunotherapies that address cancer immune resistance

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Innate Immunity Focused Pipeline	 KVA12123: VISTA blocking mAb to address immunosuppression in the TME Ongoing Phase 1/2 clinical study evaluating KVA12123 alone and in combination with pembrolizumab in advanced solid tumors Cleared first 5 monotherapy cohorts & first two combination cohort, no dose limiting toxicities, >90% VISTA receptor occupancy Biomarkers demonstrate efficacy-related cytokine secretion and significant changes in anti-tumor immune cell subpopulations Long-term stable disease observed in monotherapy and partial responses in combination therapy
Anticipated KVA12123 Catalysts	2Q24: Additional monotherapy safety and efficacy data 2Q24: Initial combination therapy data
Partnerships	-\$1.3 billion in potential milestone payments plus royalties on net sales

Currently exploring strategic alternatives



Developing next generation immunotherapies for cancer patients www.kinetabio.com

